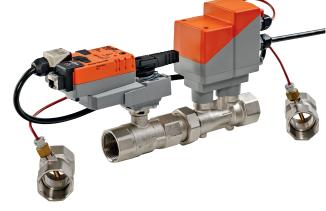


- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control modulating, communicative
- For closed cold and warm water systems
- For modulating control of airhandling and heating systems on the water side
- Ethernet 10/100 Mbit/s, TCP/IP, integrated web server
- Communication via BACnet IP, BACnet MS/TP, Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU, Belimo MP-Bus or conventional control

Type overview

EV..R+BAC





Туре	DN []	Rp ["]	Vnom [l/s]	Vnom [l/min]	kvs theor. [m³/h]	PN [bar]	n(gl) []
EV015R+BAC	15	1/2	0.35	21	2.9	25	3.2
EV020R+BAC	20	3/4	0.65	39	4.9	25	3.2
EV025R+BAC	25	1	1.15	69	8.6	25	3.2
EV032R+BAC	32	1 1/4	1.8	108	14.2	25	3.2
EV040R+BAC	40	1 1/2	2.5	150	21.3	25	3.2
EV050R+BAC	50	2	4.8	288	32.0	25	3.2
EV050R+BAC-N	50	2	6.3	378	32.0	25	3.2

kvs theor .: Theoretical kvs value for pressure drop calculation

Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V					
	Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz					
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.228.8 V / DC 21.628.8 V					
	Power consumption in operation	4 W (DN 1525)					
		5 W (DN 3250)					
	Power consumption at rest	3.7 W (DN 1525)					
		3.9 W (DN 3250)					
	Power consumption for wire sizing	6.5 VA (DN 1525)					
		7.5 VA (DN 3250)					
	Connection supply / control	Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ²					
	Connection control Ethernet	RJ45 socket					
	Parallel operation	Yes (note the performance data)					
Functional data	Torque motor	5 Nm (DN 1525)					
		10 Nm (DN 3240)					
		20 Nm (DN 50)					
	Communicative control	MP-Bus (Details see separate document "Data					
		Pool Values")					
		BACnet IP, BACnet MS/TP (Details see					
		seperate document "PICS") Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU (Details see					
		separate document "Modbus Register")					
	Positioning signal Y	DC 010 V					
	Positioning signal Y note	Input impedance 100 kΩ					
	Operating range Y	DC 210 V					
	Operating range Y variable	DC 0.510 V					
	Position feedback U	DC 210 V					
	Position feedback U variable	DC 010 V					
		DC 0.510 V					
	Sound power level motor	35					
	,····	45 dB(A)					
	Adjustable flow rate Vmax	30100% of Vnom					

Technical data

Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Internal thread



Technical data							
Functional data	Control accuracy	±5% (of 25100% Vnom) at 20°C / Glycol 0% vol.					
	Configuration	via integrated web server / ZTH AP					
	Media	Cold and warm water, water with glycol up to max. 50% vol.					
	Medium temperature	-10120°C					
	Permissible pressure ps	1600 kPa					
	Closing pressure Δps	1400 kPa					
	Differential pressure Apmax	350 kPa					
	Differential pressure note	200 kPa for low-noise operation					
	Flow characteristic	equal percentage (VDI/VDE 2178), optimised in the opening range (switchable to linear)					
	Leakage rate	Leakage rate A, air-bubble-tight (EN 12266-1)					
	Pipe connector	Internal thread according to ISO 7-1					
	Installation position	Upright to horizontal (in relation to the stem)					
	Maintenance	Maintenance-free					
	Manual override	with push-button, can be locked					
Flow measurement	Measuring principle	Ultrasonic volumetric flow measurement					
	Measuring accuracy	±2% (of 25100% Vnom) at 20°C / Glycol 0% vol.					
	Min. flow measurement	0.5% of Vnom					
Temperature measurement	Measuring accuracy of the absolute temperature	PT1000 EN60751 Class B (For 1/3 DIN PT1000 EN60751 Class AA, refer to accessories ZM-T30-AA)					
	Measuring accuracy of temperature difference	±0.18°C @ ΔT = 10°C					
	Resolution	0.05°C					
Safety	Protection class IEC/EN	III Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)					
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54 (for use of protective cap or grommet for RJ45 socket)					
	EMC	CE according to 2014/30/EU					
	Mode of operation	Type 1					
	Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV					
	Control pollution degree	3					
	Ambient temperature	-3050°C					
	Non-operating temperature	-4080°C					
	Ambient humidity	95% r.h., non-condensing					
Materials	Housing	Brass body					
	Measuring pipe	Brass body nickel-plated					
	Closing element	Stainless steel					
	Stem	Stainless steel					
	Stem seal	O-ring EPDM					
	Immersion sleeve	Brass					
	T-Piece	Brass body nickel-plated					

Safety notes



• This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or in any other airborne means of transport.

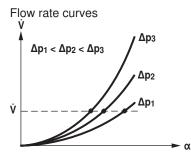
- Outdoor application: only possible in case that no (sea)water, snow, ice, insolation
 or aggressive gases interfere directly with the actuator and that is ensured that the
 ambient conditions remain at any time within the thresholds according to the data
 sheet.
- Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.
- The connection between the control valve and the measuring tube should not be separated.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.



Product features

Mode of operation The final controlling device is comprised of four components: characterised control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with volumetric flow sensor, temperature sensors and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow (Vmax) is assigned to the maximum positioning signal (typically 10 V / 100%). Alternatively, the positioning signal can be assigned to the valve opening angle or to the power required on the heat exchanger (see power control). The final controlling device can be controlled communicative or analogue. The medium is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation α varies according to the differential pressure through the final controlling element (see flow rate curves).

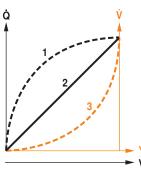
Flow characteristic



Transmission behaviour HE

Heat exchanger transmission behaviour

Depending on the construction, temperature spread, medium and hydraulic circuit, the power Q is not proportional to the water volumetric flow \dot{V} (Curve 1). With the classical type of temperature control, an attempt is made to maintain the control signal Y proportional to the power Q (Curve 2). This is achieved by means of an equal-percentage valve characteristic curve (Curve 3).



Power control

Alternatively, the positioning signal Y can be assigned to the output power required on the heat exchanger.

Depending on the water temperature and air conditions, the Energy Valve ensures the amount of water required \dot{V} to achieve the desired power.

Maximum controllable power on heat exchanger in power control mode:

001101010000
80 kW
140 kW
250 kW
380 kW
530 kW
1010 kW

Control characteristics

The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise velocity sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are however not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control.

Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Internal thread



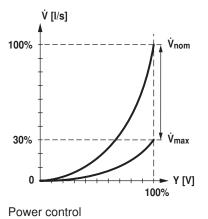
Product features

Definition Flow control

Vnom is the maximum possible flow.

Vmax is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the greatest positioning signal. Vmax can be set between 30% and 100% of Vnom.

Żmin 0% (non-variable).

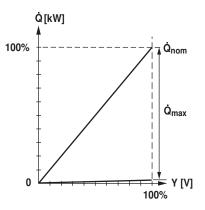


Definition

Qnom is the maximum possible power output on the heat exchanger.

Qmax is the maximum power output on the heat exchanger which has been set with the greatest positioning signal. Qmax can be set between 1% and 100% of Qnom.

Qmin 0% (non-variable).





Product features

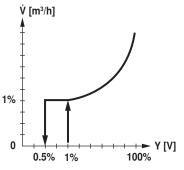
Creep flow suppression Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

Opening valve

The valve remains closed until the volumetric flow required by the positioning signal Y corresponds to 1% of Vnom. The control along the valve characteristic curve is active after this value has been exceeded.

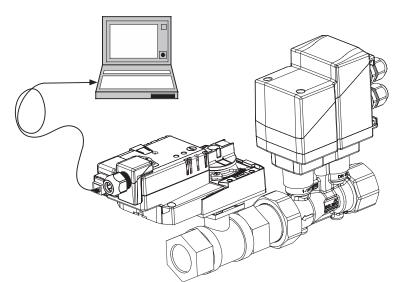
Closing valve

The control along the valve characteristic curve is active up to the required flow rate of 1% of Vnom. Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 1% of Vnom. If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of Vnom required by the reference variable Y, then the valve will close.



Communication

The parameterisation can be carried out through the integrated web server (RJ45 connection to the web browser) or by communicative means. Additional information regarding the integrated web server can be found in the separate documentation.



"Peer to Peer" connection http://belimo.local:8080 The Notebook must be set to "DHCP". Make sure that only one network connection is active.

> Standard IP address: http://192.168.0.10:8080 Static IP address

Password (read-only): User name: «guest» Password: «guest»

Positioning signal inversion

Hydraulic balancing

This can be inverted in cases of control with an analogue positioning signal. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behaviour, i.e. at a positioning signal of 0%, regulation is to \dot{V} max or Qmax, and the valve is closed at a positioning signal of 100%.

Via the integrated web server, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on the device itself, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system.



Product features

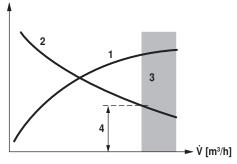
Delta-T manager

ger If a heating or cooling register is operated with a differential temperature that is too low and thus with a flow rate that is too high, this will not result in an increased power output.

Nevertheless, heating or cooling machines must provide the energy at a lower degree of efficiency. This means, that pumps circulate too much water and increase energy consumption unnecessarily.

With the aid of the Energy Valve, it is simple to discover that operation is being carried out at a differential temperature that is too low, resulting in the inefficient use of energy. Necessary setting adjustments can now be carried out quickly and easily at any time. The integrated differential temperature limiting offers the user the possibility of defining a low limit value. The Energy Valve limits the flow rate automatically to prevent the level from falling below this value.

The settings of the Delta-T manager can be made either directly on the web server or via the Belimo Cloud a direct analysis of the Delta-T behavior is carried out by Belimo experts.



Power output of the heating or cooling registers 1 Differential temperature between supply and return

Loss zone (heating or cooling register saturation) 3 Adjustable minimum differential temperature 4 Combination analogue - communicative

Power and energy monitoring function

The integrated web server, BACnet, Modbus or MP-Bus can be used for the communicative position feedback with conventional control by means of an analogue positioning signal.

The final controlling device is equipped with two temperature sensors. A sensor (T2) must be installed at the valve and the second sensor (T1) must be installed on-site on the other side of the water circulation. The two sensors are enclosed with the system already wired. The sensors are used to record the medium temperature of the supply and return lines of the consumer (heating/cooling coil). As the water quantity is also known, thanks to the volumetric flow measurement integrated in the system, the power released from the consumer can be calculated. Furthermore, the heating/cooling energy is also determined automatically by means of the evaluation of the power over time.

The current data, e.g. temperatures, volumetric flow volumes, exchanger energy consumption, etc. can be recorded and accessed at any time by means of web browsers or communication.

Data recording The recorded data (integrated data recording for 13 months) can be used for the optimisation of the overall system and for the determination of the performance of the consumer.

Download csv files through web browser.

- **Belimo cloud** Additional Services are available, if the Energy Valve 3.0 is connected to the Cloud: For instance, several devices may be managed online. Also Belimo experts may help analyze the Delta-T behavior or provide written reports about the Energy Valve 3.0 performance. Under certain conditions, the product warranty according to the applicable Terms and Conditions of Sale may be prolonged. Further details may be found under [www.belimo.com/ext-warranty]
- **Manual override** Manual override with push-button possible (the gear is disengaged for as long as the button is pressed or remains locked).
- **High functional reliability** The actuator is overload protected, requires no limit switches and automatically stops when the end stop is reached.

Accessories

Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Internal thread

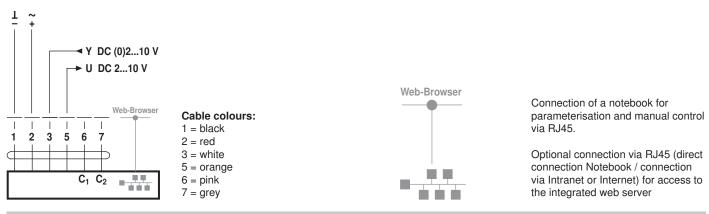


	Description	Туре
Electrical accessories	Grommet to RJ connection module	Z-STRJ.1
	Connection cable 5 m, A+B: RJ12 6/6, To ZTH/ZIP-USB-MP	ZK1-GEN
	Remote temperature sensor pair 1/3m,	ZM-T30-AA
	to DN15-50, 1/3 DIN PT1000 EN60751 Class AA	
	Remote temperature sensor pair 1/10m,	EV-RT-100-AA
	to DN65-150, 1/3 DIN PT1000 EN60751 Class AA	
	Description	Туре
Service Tools	Service tool for parametrisable and communicative Belimo actuators / VAV controller and HVAC performance devices	ZTH AP

Electrical installation		
	Notes	 Connection via safety isolating transformer. Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Observe the performance data. The wiring of the line for Modbus (RTU) / BACnet (MS/TP) is to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS485 regulations. Modbus / BACnet: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.

Wiring diagrams

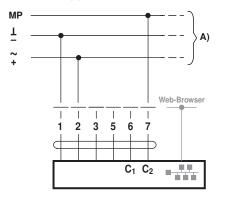
Conventional operation



Functions

Functions for actuators with specific parameters (Parametrisation with web server)

MP-Bus, supply via 3-wire connection



A) Additional actuators and sensors (max. 8)

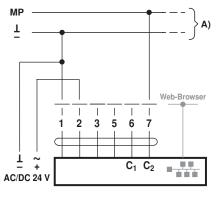
A) Additional actuators and sensors

(max. 8)

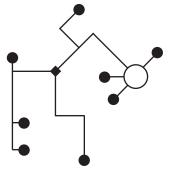


Functions



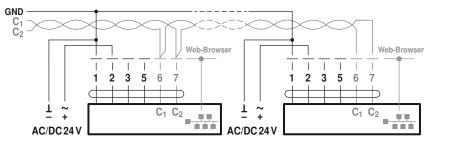


Network topology

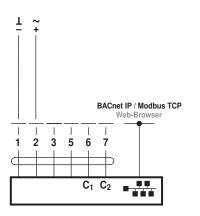


There are no restrictions for the network topology (star, ring, tree or mixed forms are permitted). Supply and communication in one and the same 3-wire cable • no shielding or twisting necessary • no terminating resistors required

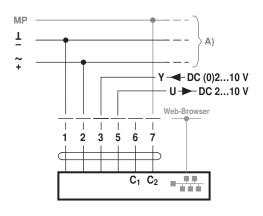
BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU



BACnet IP / Modbus TCP



MP-Bus with analog setpoint (hybrid mode)



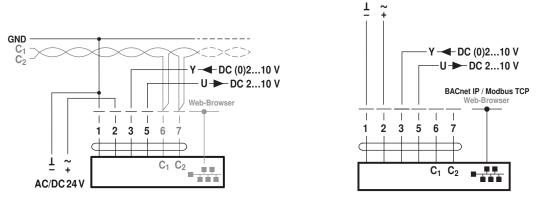
 $C_1 = D_{-} = A$

 $C_2 = D_+ = B$

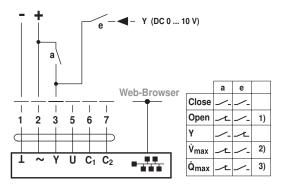


Functions

BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU with analog setpoint (hybrid mode)BACnet IP / Modbus TCP with analog setpoint (hybrid mode)



Override control and limiting with DC 24 V with relay contacts (with conventional control or hybrid mode)

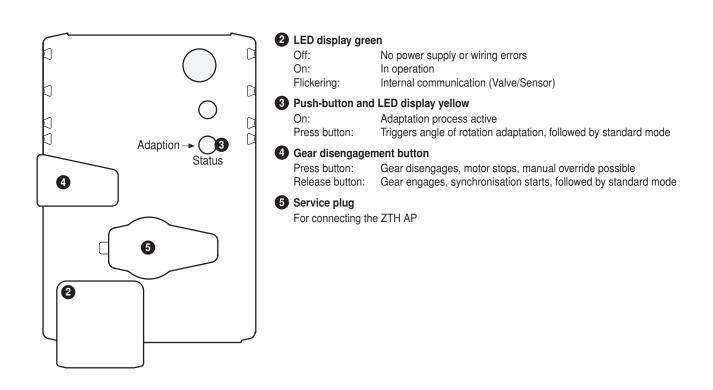


1) Position control

2) Flow control
 3) Power control



Operating controls and indicators



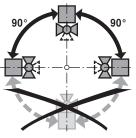
Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Internal thread



Installation notes

Recommended installation positions

The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the stem pointing downwards.



Mounting position in the return Water quality requirements Installation in the return is recommended.

The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to. Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of suitable strainer is recommended.

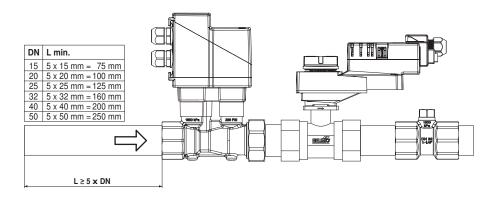
Maintenance Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.

Before any service work on the final controlling device is carried out, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable if necessary). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow all components to cool down first if necessary and allways reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level).

The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator have been correctly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled by professionally trained personnel.

Flow direction The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.

Inlet section In order to achieve the specified measuring accuracy, a flow-calming section or inflow section in the direction of the flow is to be provided upstream from the flow sensor. Its dimensions should be at least 5x DN.



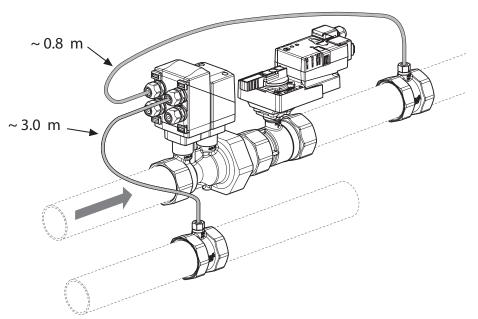
Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Internal thread



Installation notes	
Installation of immersion sleeve and temperature sensor	 The valve is equipped with two fully-wired temperature sensors. T2: This sensor is installed on site near the valve unit. T1: This sensor is installed on site ahead of the consumer (valve in the return line) or after the consumer (valve in the supply line).
	Two T-pieces for installation of the temperature sensors in the pipelines are included in the shipment.

Note

The cables between valve unit and temperature sensors may not be either shortened or lengthened.



General notes	
Valve selection	The valve is determined using the maximum required flow rate Vmax. A calculation of the kvs value is not required. Vmax = 30100% of Vnom If no hydraulic data are available, then the same valve DN can be selected as the heat exchanger nominal diameter.
Minimum differential pressure (pressure drop)	The minimum required differential pressure (pressure drop through the valve) for achieving the desired volumetric flow Vmax can be calculated with the aid of the theoretical kvs value (see type overview) and the below-mentioned formula. The calculated value is dependent on the required maximum volumetric flow Vmax. Higher differential pressures are compensated for automatically by the valve. Formula $\Delta p_{min} = 100 \ x \left(\frac{\dot{V}_{max}}{k_{vs \ theor.}}\right)^2 \qquad \qquad$
	kvs theor. = 8.6 m ³ /h \dot{V} nom = 69 l/min

Vnom = 69 l/min 50% * 69 l/min = 34.5 l/min = 2.07 m³/h $\Delta p_{min} = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{\dot{V}_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}}\right)^2 = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{2.07 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}{8.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}\right)^2 = 6 \text{ kPa}$



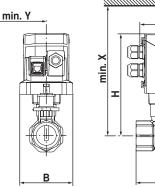
General notes

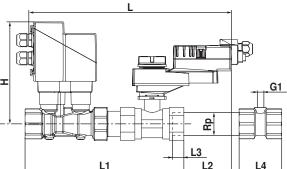
Behaviour with sensor failure

In case of a flow sensor error, the Energy Valve will switch from either Power or Flow control to Position control (Delta-T manger will be deactivated). Once the error disappears, the Energy Valve will switch back to the normal control setting (Delta-T manager activated)

Dimensions / Weight

Dimensional drawings





Туре	DN []	Rp ["]	L [mm]	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	L3 [mm]	B [mm]	Н [mm]	G1	L4 [mm]	X [mm]	Y [mm]	Weight [kg]
EV015R+BAC	15	1/2	275	192	81	13	75	160	G1/4"	53	230	77	1.6
EV020R+BAC	20	3/4	291	211	75	14	75	162	G1/4"	57	232	77	1.9
EV025R+BAC	25	1	295	230	71	16	75	165	G1/4"	65	235	77	2.1
EV032R+BAC	32	1 1/4	323	255	68	19	85	168	G1/4"	71	238	77	2.9
EV040R+BAC	40	1 1/2	325	267	65	19	85	172	G1/4"	71	242	77	3.4
EV050R+BAC	50	2	343	288	69	22	95	177	G1/4"	80	247	77	5.0
EV050R+BAC-N	50	2	343	288	69	22	95	177	G1/4"	80	247	77	5.0

Further documentation

- Overview MP Cooperation Partners
- Tool connections
- General notes for project planning
- Instruction Webserver Belimo Energy Valve
- Description Data-Pool Values
- Description Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement PICS
- Description Modbus register
- Introduction to MP-Bus Technology